

**Valuation table** 

# Benefits for permanent consequences of injury valid as of June 1, 2019

## Head and sensory organ injuries

50%
10%
20%
20%
10%
40%
100%
25%
75%
15%
10%
15%
15%
45%
5%

# Damage to the teeth (caused by traumatic injury)

Loss of one tooth (only tooth loss greater than 50% is covered; damage to milk teeth and dental replacements is not covered)	1%
Loss of each additional tooth	1%

## **Neck injuries**

Loss of voice	25%
Condition after	50%

# Chest, lung, heart or oesophagal injuries

Limited chest mobility and adhesions of the lungs and thoracic wall, clinically verified (by spirometry)	15%
Heart and lung injuries are assessed on the basis of the limitation of functional capacity:	
No limitation of physical activities, FEV over 2 litres	3%
Mild limitation of physical activities, FEV between 1.5 and 2 litres	20%
Significant limitation of physical activity, FEV up to 1 litre	45%
Any form of physical activity causes symptoms that may occur even at rest, FEV up to 0.5 litre	70%

## Abdomen and digestive tract injuries

Abdominal wall damage accompanied by abdominal muscle injury	15%
Loss of the spleen	15%

#### Urinary and sexual organ injuries

Loss of one kidney	20%
Loss of one testicle	10%
Loss of both testicles	20%
Penile loss or severe deformities	20%

## Spine and spinal cord injuries

Limitation of spinal mobility, mild degree	10%
Limitation of spinal mobility, moderate degree	20%
Limitation of spinal mobility, severe degree	30%
Post-traumatic damage to the spine and spinal cord or spinal cord roots, mild degree	20%
Post-traumatic damage to the spine and spinal cord or spinal cord roots, moderate degree	40%
Post-traumatic damage to the spine and spinal cord or spinal cord roots, severe degree	60%

# **Pelvic injuries**

Severe pelvic damage with spine statics disorder and impaired lower limb function	50%
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# **Upper limb injuries**

Damage to the shoulder and arm area	
Loss of the upper limb in the shoulder joint or in the area between the elbow and shoulder joint	70%
Complete stiffness of the shoulder joint in an unfavourable position	30%
Complete stiffness of the shoulder joint in a favourable position	25%
Limited mobility of the shoulder joint, moderate degree	10%
Limited mobility of the shoulder joint, severe degree	15%
Recurrent dislocation of the joint	15%
Irreparable sternoclavicular dislocation	3%
Damage to the elbow and forearm	
Complete stiffness of the elbow joint	20%
Limited mobility of the elbow joint	10%
Loss of forearm	45%
Loss of, or damage to, the hand	
Loss of hand at wrist	<b>50</b> %
Loss of all fingers on one hand	50%
Loss of a finger	10%
Loss of a finger phalanx	5%
Complete stiffness of the wrist	15%
Limited wrist mobility	15%
Damage to the thumb	
Loss of terminal phalanx	9%
Compl	6%

# Lower limb injuries

Damage to the hip, thigh and knee	
Loss of one lower limb at the hip joint or in the area of the intervertebral and knee joints	50%
Total hip replacement	15%
Complete stiffness of the hip	30%
Limited hip mobility, mild degree	10%
Limited hip mobility, moderate degree	20%
Limited hip mobility, severe degree	30%
Damage to the knee	
Complete knee stiffness	30%
Endoprosthesis	15%
Limited knee mobility, mild degree	10%
Limited knee mobility, moderate degree	15%
Limited knee mobility, severe degree	25%
Lower leg damage	
Loss of lower limb in the lower leg area with knee preserved	45%
Damage in the ankle joint area	
Loss of lower limb at or below the ankle joint	40%
Complete stiffness of the ankle joint in a rectangular position	25%
Restricted mobility of the ankle joint	10%
Damage to the lower limb area	
Loss of all toes on the same foot	15%
Loss of both big toe joints	10%
Loss of another toe (including a little toe)	2%

# Traumatic damage to the nerves in the lower limb

The assessment already includes possible vasomotor and trophic disorders	
Traumatic sciatic nerve disorder	30%
Traumatic femoral nerve disorder	20%
Traumatic disorder of the	15%
Traumatic disorder of the peroneal nerve trunk with the involvement of all innervated muscles	15%

Permanent consequences of an injury not specified in the valuation table shall be determined by the claims assessor in cooperation with a medical assessor of the insurance company based on the degree of severity.